



Patel Patriot

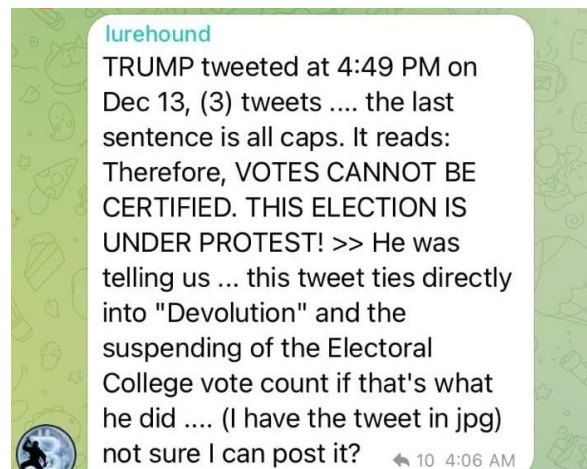
Part 8 - How & When

Preface

Special thank you to contributing author A. C. Harmony for her help editing!

This past week I have been writing what would have been Devolution - Part 8. A rather complicated piece with lots of detail to sort out. However, the piece I was writing is being pushed back to Part 9 because some important pieces of circumstantial evidence relating to Devolution finally clicked for me.

I will always give credit to where credit is due, and there is certainly some credit due here to a couple people. I was having a conversation on telegram with a friend named John. He said a member of our Spitballers telegram group had a message that he found interesting. This shows the importance of the Devolution theory gaining more traction. More people are adding bits and pieces to the puzzle. Thank you to both John and lurehound! Here was the message that kicked off this article.



The Battlefield

I've discussed many times already that the Military would be the only ones to win this war for Trump due to the CCP infiltrating so many of our institutions including the highest levels of our government and government agencies. The war for America's soul has been raging for quite some time. A war between good and evil. Between Trump and his enemies. There are many fronts that this war is fought on and all those fronts converged on November 3rd. The election was the most important "battle". Trump's enemies knew that winning the election battle would ultimately win them the war, but Trump knew that too.

The Democrats did everything they could throughout Trump's presidency to remove him from office. As I've already presented throughout the Devolution Series, the CCP used Covid-19 and the riots as their primary vehicles to damage Trump's re-election

chances prior to the election taking place. When nothing worked and Trump was clearly going to win by a landslide, Trump's enemies were forced to alter the election results using the voting machines (on top of other methods). These two facts are important because in order for the Military to take an active role in this war, they needed a legal reason for doing so. CCP involvement was their reason.

Devolution - Part 6 lays out HOW the Military could legally get involved in monitoring Antifa as well as WHEN they were able to get involved.

Devolution - Part 7 lays out HOW the Military could legally get involved with the election theft, but we have been missing the WHEN.

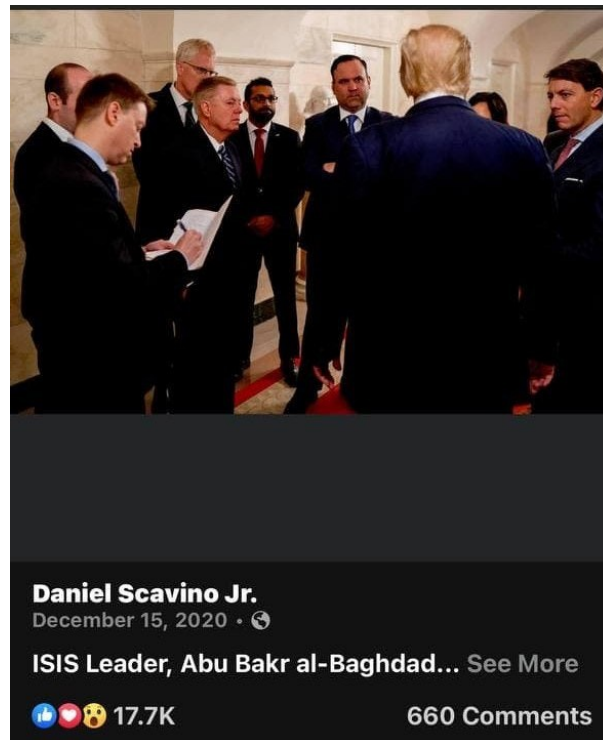
When did the Military move from "planning" to "implementing" Devolution?

I now think I can answer that question and I believe that answer comes from a tweet that serves as a connection between Antifa and the election theft.

Daniel Scavino Jr.

[Trump first met Scavino on the golf course in 1990.](#) He is and always has been one of Trump's closest allies and confidants. At first, I wasn't sold on the idea that Scavino would be in the know about Devolution. Until there was enough circumstantial evidence to prove otherwise, I couldn't get my head wrapped around the idea that either Trump or the Military would involve Trump's White House social media director.

My personal theory regarding Devolution is constantly evolving as I continue to research and I'm now certain that that Scavino is "in the know". That certainty comes from this one picture.



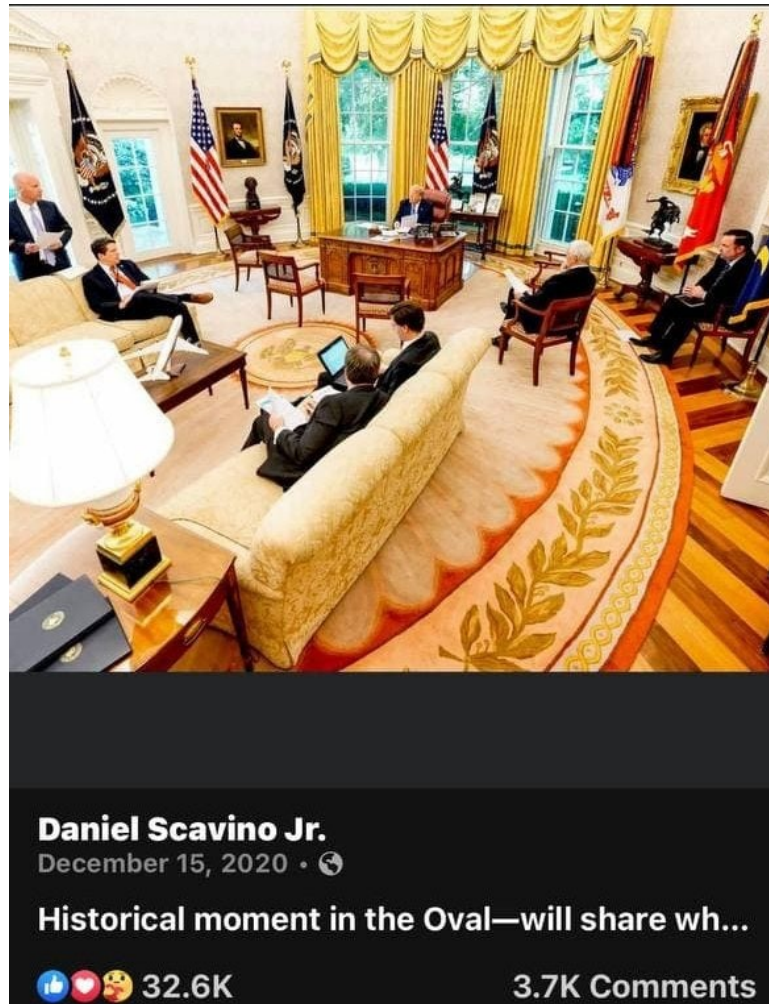
This photo was taken on 10/26/2019. The caption reads "ISIS Leader, Abu Bakr Al-Baghdadi - is DEAD." To me this picture shows he was informed on national security operations as well as counter-terrorism operations. Look who else is in the picture with him.

- **Christopher Miller** - [Serving as a counterterrorism advisor on the United States National Security Council.](#)

- **Kash Patel - [Serving as senior director of the Counterterrorism Directorate at the United States National Security Council.](#)**

Scavino appeared to be getting counterterrorism briefings while standing directly next to two of the biggest players in the Devolution Series. Just one more “coincidence” in this theory I’m sure.

On December 15th, 2020, Dan Scavino tweeted this picture with the caption “Historical moment in the Oval—will share what it was, one of these days, when I can....”



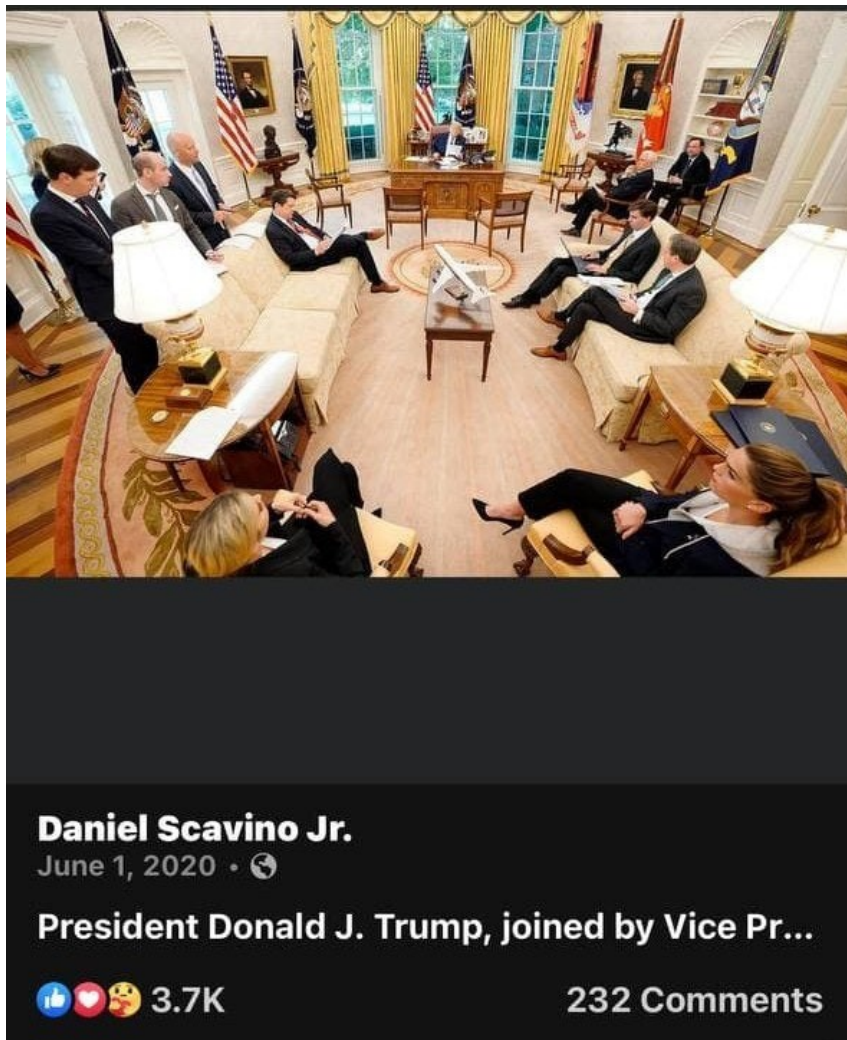
I distinctly remember when this picture came out and how it affected me. It strengthened my belief that Trump had a fix for the stolen election and was going to be doing something to stop Joe Biden from taking office. I was beyond confident. Why would he share a picture with that caption unless it truly was a historic moment? Nothing would be more historic than Trump being able to successfully “stop the steal”.

My small-minded thinking led me to assume whatever Trump would be doing was to happen prior to the inauguration. I keep saying we all need to be thinking bigger. After the inaguration and prior to writing the Devolution Series, I would think about this picture and get frustrated. I was clueless as to what this meeting possibly could have been about. I was clearly wrong about its significance.

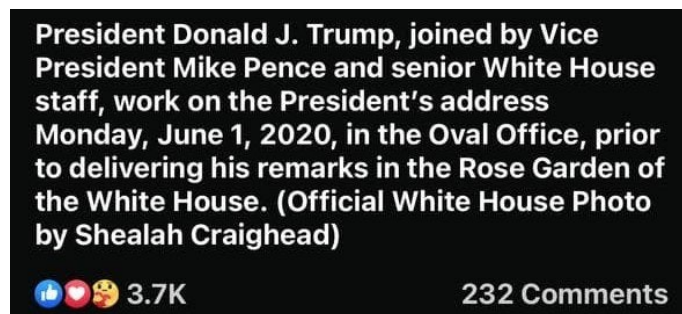
Or was I?

Now that I’ve started to “think bigger”, I believe I can start to make some connections.

Looking closely at his tweet, we can see that there are green trees in the background. There wouldn't be green trees outside the window in December. Clearly that picture was taken during warmer weather. So I simply dug through Scavino's Facebook page and finally I came across this picture from June 1st, 2020:



This picture is clearly from the same meeting as the tweet Scavino sent out on December 15th. Here is the caption from the June 1st tweet:



The picture in the June 1st tweet was taken while they were preparing his address to the nation regarding the riots and Antifa. The address where he “threatens” to mobilize the Military.

Devolution - Part 6 tells lays out why June 1, 2020 an important date when it comes to Devolution:

- June 1st - Trump urges governors to deploy national guard and “Threatens” he would mobilize every available federal force both “civilian and military” to end violent protests.
- June 1st - Trump makes surprise visit to Saint John’s Church



- June 1st - Hours after Saint John’s picture, FBI spy plane started surveilling Washington D.C. protests

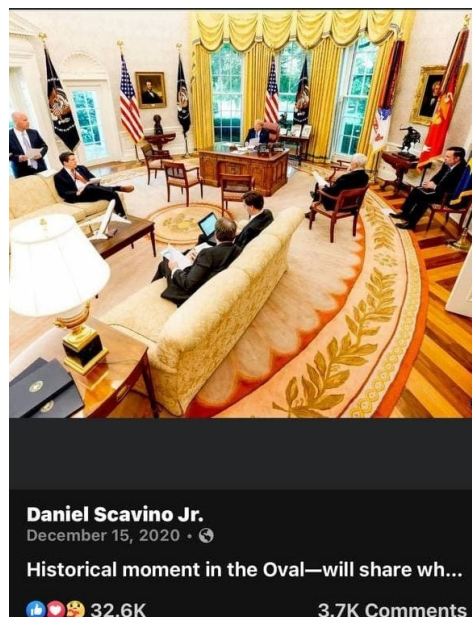
Shortly before 11 p.m. on Monday, June 1, just hours after federal police used tear gas and batons to clear protesters from the front of the White House for President Donald Trump’s Bible-wielding photo op, a Cessna Citation jet took off from Manassas Regional Airport in Virginia. Until about 1:30 a.m., it flew in a 7-mile circle around central Washington, DC, surveilling the protests, flight tracking records show.

The aircraft is a one-of-a-kind spy plane operated by the FBI, fitted with sophisticated cameras for long-range, persistent video surveillance, day or night. It repeated its late-night circling around the city as protests continued the following two nights, and made a shorter flight on June 6.

The Military knew before June 1st that there were foreign actors involved in these riots but they didn’t get involved with active surveillance (publicly anyway) until it got to the point that city and state governments **failed in their duty to protect the citizens of their States.**

June 1, 2020, is the date the Military became actively involved in the Antifa investigation.

Now back to the original Scavino tweet:



Why didn't Scavino say it was a "historic moment" when he released the first picture from this meeting on June 1st? Why was a picture of this meeting a "historic moment" when it was shared again from a different angle on December 15th? What is the significance of December 15th, 2020?

There are a lot of important things happening around this time frame. The first date to point out is December 18th, 2020; [The date the Intelligence Community was to submit its assessment](#) on foreign threats to the 2020 U.S. elections as required by Executive Order 13848 (Devolution - Part 7). Keep that in mind as I continue.

John Ratcliffe

December 12th, 2020, Director of National Intelligence John Ratcliffe posted this to twitter:



So we know DNI Ratcliffe spent some significant time with President Trump on December 12th. The very next day, on December 13th, President Trump Posts this to twitter (these are the tweets lurehound and John from telegram were referencing):



“Swing States that have found massive VOTER FRAUD, which is all of them, **CANNOT LEGALLY CERTIFY** these votes as complete & correct ... In all Swing State cases, there are far more votes than are necessary to win the State, and the Election itself. **Therefore, VOTES CANNOT BE CERTIFIED. THIS ELECTION IS UNDER PROTEST!**”

Trump was never afraid to vent about the election fraud on twitter but the day after spending significant time alone with DNI John Ratcliffe, he vents about specific examples of fraud (including machine “glitches”) and twice states that we cannot legally certify the votes. (Recall Devolution - part 4 where I present my theory about President Trump suspending the electoral college vote.)

What do you think DNI John Ratcliffe and President Trump talked about on the day of the Army-Navy football game? I believe it has to do with what I covered in Devolution - Part 7. Here is the relevant breakdown from executive order 13848 from that article:

- No later than 45 days after the conclusion of a United States election, the DNI along with others is to conduct an assessment of any information showing foreign interference in our elections.
- One of the members receiving this assessment is the Secretary of Defense
- Within 45 days of receiving that assessment, the AG and the Secretary of Homeland Security are to make a report evaluating
 - how badly the foreign interference affected the security and integrity of our election infrastructure, counting of votes, transmission of results; and
 - if the foreign interference targeted election infrastructure relating to specific campaigns or candidates and how it could have affected that campaign's information or data
- One of the members receiving that report is the Secretary of Defense
- The report is to include recommendations, if appropriate, regarding **REMEDIAL ACTIONS** to be taken by the US Government other than the sanctions

This means that at any time, “the head of any agency or **any other appropriate official**” may “tender to the President”, “any analysis, information, assessment, or evaluation of foreign interference in a US election. This also means that if an “appropriate official” has any information that indicates foreign interference in a US election, they can submit that information “to the President in an independent report”.

This is a bombshell. “Hypothetically” speaking, if our military were to come across ANY information showing foreign interference in a US election, they could report it directly to the President in an independent report and do so at ANY time. They could completely bypass the heads of every other agency and they don't have to stick to the 45 day x 45 day timeline.

I know I presented the hypothetical of the military going directly to Trump to kick off Devolution but in my research for this piece, I have come to a different conclusion. As I said previously, my theory continuously evolves as I continue to research. I only change my theory about something when the circumstantial evidence forces me to.

I believe DNI Ratcliffe presented a report to Trump on December 12th showing two things.

1. China interfered in our election
2. The Intelligence Community was covering it up.

Six days after DNI Ratcliffe attended the Army-Navy game with President Trump, it was reported that the [Intelligence community assessment would be delayed](#) “amid dispute over whether China sought to influence 2020 election. Devolution - Part 7 lays out that when the Intelligence Community finally submitted their assessment on January 7th, 2021, DNI Ratcliffe released his memo titled [“Views on Intelligence Community Election Security Analysis”](#). The first paragraph of that memo reads:

From my unique vantage point as the individual who consumes all of the U.S. government's most sensitive intelligence on the People's Republic of China, I do not believe the majority view expressed by Intelligence Community (IC) analysts fully and accurately reflects the scope of the Chinese government's efforts to influence the 2020 U.S. federal elections.

He states he is “the individual who consumes all of the U.S. government's most sensitive intelligence on the People's Republic of China”. As the DNI, he would have known at the time of the December 12th Army-Navy football game that the Intelligence Community assessment was going to be late. He knew they were attempting a coverup. I believe he even warned them that he knew.

On December 3rd, 2020 DNI Ratcliffe wrote an op-ed in the Wall Street Journal titled "[China Is National Security Threat No. 1.](#)"

As Director of National Intelligence, I am entrusted with access to more intelligence than any member of the U.S. government other than the president. I oversee the intelligence agencies, and my office produces the President's Daily Brief detailing the threats facing the country. If I could communicate one thing to the American people from this unique vantage point, it is that the People's Republic of China poses the greatest threat to America today, and the greatest threat to democracy and freedom world-wide since World War II.

China already suppresses U.S. web content that threatens the Communist Party's ideological control, and it is developing offensive cyber capabilities against the U.S. homeland. This year China engaged in a massive influence campaign that included targeting several dozen members of Congress and congressional aides.

Within intelligence agencies, a healthy debate and shift in thinking is already under way. For the talented intelligence analysts and operators who came up during the Cold War, the Soviet Union and Russia have always been the focus. For others who rose through the ranks at the turn of this century, counterterrorism has been top of mind. But today we must look with clear eyes at the facts in front of us, which make plain that China should be America's primary national security focus going forward.

Other nations must understand this is true for them as well. The world is being presented a choice between two wholly incompatible ideologies. China's leaders seek to subordinate the rights of the individual to the will of the Communist Party. They exert government control over companies and subvert the privacy and freedom of their citizens with an authoritarian surveillance state.

We shouldn't assume that Beijing's efforts to drag the world back into the dark will fail just because the forces of good have triumphed before in modern times. China believes that a global order without it at the top is a historical aberration. It aims to change that and reverse the spread of liberty around the world.

Beijing is preparing for an open-ended period of confrontation with the U.S. Washington should also be prepared. Leaders must work across partisan divides to understand the threat, speak about it openly, and take action to address it.

This is our once-in-a-generation challenge. Americans have always risen to the moment, from defeating the scourge of fascism to bringing down the Iron Curtain. This generation will be judged by its response to China's effort to reshape the world in its own image and replace America as the dominant superpower. The intelligence is clear. Our response must be as well.

There are some incredibly strong words coming from DNI Ratcliffe just 9 days prior to his time with Trump. He specifically calls out the intelligence agencies saying "we must look with clear eyes at the facts in front of us, which make plain that China should be America's primary national security focus going forward." He didn't want them to go down the path of covering up for the CCP and their involvement in the election theft.

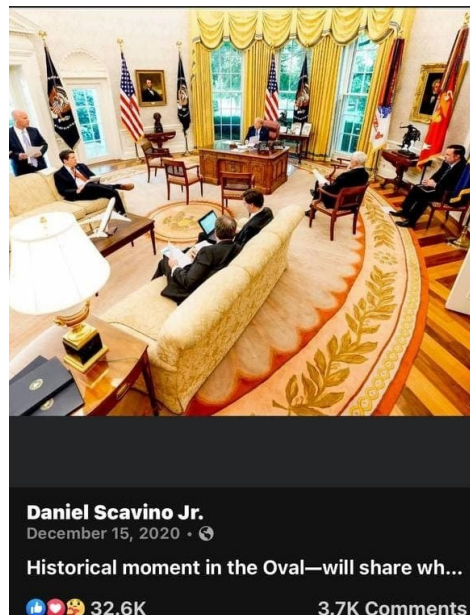
We know the Military was already watching the foreign actors involved with the riots. We also know that they would be used to safe guard the election. They even call themselves the "Guardians".



There is little doubt in my mind that with the technological capabilities employed by the United States Space Force, that they saw foreign interference as it was happening. They were ready to act as needed but they were waiting for the constitutional process to play out and gave the Intelligence Community a chance to do their job as required by Executive Order 13848. The Military waited until it was obvious the IC was going to allow the election to be stolen and they had **failed in their duty to protect the citizens of their States.**

December 15th, 2020, the day the Military moved from “planning” for Devolution to “implementing” Devolution.

This one tweet from Scavino serves as the connection between pre-election and post-election foreign interference. That certainly makes this tweet “historic” to me.



I don't think that was the only instance of Scavino using his twitter account to hint at something much bigger going on.

On December 19th, 2020, he tweeted a series of 3 pictures.



Each of the historical figures pictured in these tweets were “war-time” leaders. In Devolution - Part 4 I talked extensively about Abraham Lincoln and how Trump followed Lincoln’s model from the Civil War to do whatever he deemed necessary to save the constitution and the country. [I think the tweeted picture of Winston Churchill is just as significant.](#)



After all, although Churchill came from a prominent British family on his father’s side, his mother was an American, Jennie Jerome. He was a British citizen, but in 1963, Churchill was the first person even honored by the United States Congress and President as an honorary American citizen.

In 1965, former President Dwight Eisenhower recalled a past conversation with Churchill when he spoke about his American heritage. ““My mother was American and my ancestors were officers in Washington’s army, I am myself an English-speaking union,” Churchill reportedly said.

Churchill is an honorary “American citizen” whose “ancestors were officers in Washington’s army.” That is truly remarkable, but looking back at something he once wrote provides us with something even more remarkable. On August 22, 1936, Winston Churchill wrote an article titled [“What Good’s a Constitution?”](#).

“Written soon after Franklin Roosevelt’s Democratic Convention Address of 1936, this article by British statesman Winston Churchill points to the wide gulf between Churchill’s and Roosevelt’s economic views, even if five years later they would forge a close wartime alliance. Beyond their differences on economics, Churchill sees the American Constitution as an enduring source of strength for the American republic, not an obstacle to be overcome.”

This article from 1936 perfectly encapsulates the turmoil our country has been going through. It’s almost as if he was writing this in 2020.

[Here are screenshots of a majority of Churchill’s article only leaving out the parts where he discusses England.]

I know that you might not be expecting so many words from Winston Churchill in this piece, but my conscience won't allow me to exclude them. My conclusion will come following the screenshots. I believe these are words that our country needs to be reminded of right now, and I believe they directly reflect the reason why we've HAD to go through what we've been through with this election.

No one can think clearly or sensibly about this vast and burning topic without in the first instance making up his mind upon the fundamental issue. Does he value the State above the citizen, or the citizen above the State? Does a government exist for the individual, or do individuals exist for the government? One must recognize that the world today is deeply divided upon this. Some of the most powerful nations and races have definitely chosen to subordinate the citizen or subject to the life of the State. In Russia, Germany and Italy we have this sombre, tremendous decision, expressed in varying forms. All nations agree that in time of war, where the life and independence of the country are at stake, every man and woman must be ready to work and, if need be, die in defense of these supreme objects; and that the government must be empowered to call upon them to any extent.

But what we are now considering is the existence of this principle in times of peace and its erection into a permanent system to which the life of great communities must be made to conform. The argument is used that economic crises are only another form of war, and as they are always with us, or can always be alleged to be with us, it is claimed that we must live our lives in a perpetual state of war, only without actual shooting, bayoneting or cannonading.

This is, of course, the Socialist view. As long as Socialists present themselves in an international guise as creators of a new world order, like the beehive or the ant heap, with a new human heart to fit these novel conceptions, they could easily be beaten, and have been very effectively beaten both by argument and by nature. But when new forms of socialism arose which were grafted not upon world ideals but upon the strongest forms of nationalism, their success was remarkable.

In Germany, for instance, the alliance between national patriotism, tradition and pride on the one hand, and discontent about the inequalities of wealth on the other, made the Weimar Constitution ‘a scrap of paper’. Either of these two fierce, turbulent torrents separately might have been kept within bounds. Joined together in a fierce confluence, they proved irresistible.

Once the rulers of a country can create a war atmosphere in time of peace, can allege that the State is in danger and appeal to all the noblest national instincts, as well as all the basest, it is only in very solidly established countries that the rights of the citizens can be preserved. In Germany these rights vanished almost overnight. Today no one may criticize the dictatorship, either in speech or writing. Voters still go to the polls—in fact, are herded to the polls like sheep—but the method of election has become a fantastic travesty of popular government. A German can vote for the régime, but not against it. If he attempts to indicate disapproval, his ballot paper is reckoned as ‘spoiled’.

The tyranny of the ruling junta extends into every department of life. Friends may not greet each other without invoking the name of Hitler. At least on certain days, the very meals that a family eats in the privacy of its home are regulated by decree. The shadow of an all-powerful State falls between parent and child, husband and wife. Love itself is fettered and confined. No marriage, no love relation of any kind is permitted which offends against a narrow and arbitrary code based upon virulent race prejudice.

Nor is this all. Even in the sphere of religion the State must intervene. It comes between the priest and his penitent, between the worshipper and the God to whom he prays. And this last, by one of the curious ironies of history, in the land of Luther.

To rivet this intolerable yoke upon the necks of the German people all the resources of propaganda have been utilized to magnify the sense of crisis and to exhibit sometimes France, sometimes Poland, sometimes Lithuania, always the Soviets and the Jews, as antagonists at whom the patriotic Teuton must grind his teeth.

Much the same thing has happened in Russia. The powerful aid of national sentiment and imperialist aspirations has been invoked to buttress a decaying Communism.

In the United States, also, economic crisis has led to an extension of the activities of the Executive and to the pillorying, by irresponsible agitators, of certain groups and sections of the population as enemies of the rest. There have been efforts to exalt the power of the central government and to limit the rights of individuals. It has been sought to mobilize behind this reversal of the American tradition, at once the selfishness of the pensioners, or would-be pensioners, of Washington, and the patriotism of all who wish to see their country prosperous once more.

It is when passions and cupidities are thus unleashed and, at the same time, the sense of public duty rides high in the hearts of all men and women of good will that the handcuffs can be slipped upon the citizens and they can be brought into entire subjugation to the executive government. Then they are led to believe that, if they will only yield themselves, body, mind and soul, to the State, and obey unquestioningly its injunctions, some dazzling future of riches and power will open to them, either—as in Italy—by the conquest of the territories of others, or—as in America—by a further liberation and exploitation of the national resources.

I take the opposite view. I hold that governments are meant to be, and must remain, the servants of the citizens; that states and federations only come into existence and can only be justified by preserving the 'life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness' in the homes and families of individuals. The true right and power rest in the individual. He gives of his right and power to the State, expecting and requiring thereby in return to receive certain advantages and guarantees. I do not admit that an economic crisis can ever truly be compared with the kind of struggle for existence by races constantly under primordial conditions. I do not think that modern nations in time of peace ought to regard themselves as if they were the inhabitants of besieged cities, liable to be put to the sword or led into slavery if they cannot make good their defense.

One of the greatest reasons for avoiding war is that it is destructive to liberty. But we must not be led into adopting for ourselves the evils of war in time of peace upon any pretext whatever. The word 'civilization' means not only peace by the non-regimentation of the people such as is required in war. Civilization means that officials and authorities, whether uniformed or not, whether armed or not, are made to realize that they are servants and not masters.

Socialism or overweening State life, whether in peace or war, is only sharing miseries and not blessings. Every self-respecting citizen in every country must be on his guard lest the rulers demand of him in time of peace sacrifices only tolerable in a period of war for national self-preservation.

I judge the civilization of any community by simple tests. What is the degree of freedom possessed by the citizen or subject? Can he think, speak and act freely under well-established, well-known laws? Can he criticize the executive government? Can he sue the State if it has infringed his rights? Are there also great processes for changing the law to meet new conditions?

Judging by these standards, Great Britain and the United States can claim to be in the forefront of civilized communities. But we owe this only in part to the good sense and watchfulness of our citizens. In both our countries the character of the judiciary is a vital factor in the maintenance of the rights and liberties of the individual citizen.

Our judges extend impartially to all men protection, not only against wrongs committed by private persons, but also against the arbitrary acts of public authority. The independence of the courts is, to all of us, the guarantee of freedom and the equal rule of law.

It must, therefore, be the first concern of the citizens of a free country to preserve and maintain the independence of the courts of justice, however inconvenient that independence may be, on occasion, to the government of the day.

But all this implies peace conditions, an atmosphere of civilization rather than militarization or officialization. It implies a balance and equipoise of society which can be altered only gradually. It is so hard to build the structure of a vast economic community, and so easy to upset it and throw it into confusion. The onus must lie always upon those who propose a change, and the process of change is hardly ever beneficial unless it considers what is due to the past as well as what is claimed for the future.

It is for these reasons among many others that the founders of the American Republic in their Declaration of Independence inculcate as a duty binding upon all worthy sons of America 'a frequent recurrence to first principles'. Do not let us too readily brush aside the grand, simple affirmations of the past. All wisdom is not new wisdom. Let us never forget that the glory of the nineteenth century was founded upon what seemed to be the successful putting down of those twin curses, anarchy and tyranny.

The question we are discussing is whether a fixed constitution is a bulwark or a fetter. From what I have written it is plain that I incline to the side of those who would regard it as a bulwark, and that I rank the citizen higher than the State, and regard the State as useful only in so far as it preserves his inherent rights. All forms of tyranny are odious. It makes very little difference to the citizen, father of a family, head of a household, whether tyranny comes from a royal or imperial despot, or from a Pope or Inquisitor, or from a military caste, or from an aristocratic or plutocratic oligarchy, or from a ring of employers, or a trade union, or a party caucus—or worst of all, from a terrified and infuriated mob. 'A man's a man for a' that.' The whole point is, whether he can make head against oppression in any of its Protean shapes, and defend the island of his home, his life and soul. And here is the point at which we may consider and contrast the constitutions of our respective countries.

[Skipping parts regarding England]

When one considers the immense size of the United States and the extraordinary contrasts of climate and character which differentiate the forty-eight sovereign states of the American Union, as well as the inevitable conflict of interests between North and South and between East and West, it would seem that the participants of so vast a federation have the right to effectual guarantees upon the fundamental laws, and that these should not be easily changed to suit a particular emergency or fraction of the country.

The founders of the Union, although its corpus was then so much smaller, realized this with profound conviction. They did not think it possible to entrust legislation for so diverse a community and enormous an area to a simple majority. They were as well acquainted with the follies and intolerance of parliaments as with the oppression of princes. 'To control the powers and conduct of the legislature,' said a leading member of the Convention of 1787, 'by an overruling constitution was an improvement in the science and practice of government reserved to the American States.'

[Skipping parts regarding England]

I was reading the other day a recent American novel by Sinclair Lewis—*It Can't Happen Here*. Such books render a public service to the English-speaking world. When we see what has happened in Germany, Italy and Russia we cannot neglect their warning. This is an age in which the citizen requires more, and not less, legal protection in the exercise of his rights and liberties.

That is doubtless why, after all the complaints against the rigidity of the United States Constitution and the threats of a presidential election on this issue, none of the suggested constitutional amendments has so far been adopted by the Administration. This may explain why the 'Nine Old Men' of the Supreme Court have not been more seriously challenged. But the challenge may come at a later date, though it would perhaps be wiser to dissociate it from any question of the age of the judges, lest it be the liberal element in the court which is weakened.

Now, at the end of these reflections, I must strike a minor and different note. The rigidity of the Constitution of the United States is the shield of the common man. But that rigidity ought not to be interpreted by pedants. In England we continually give new interpretation to the archaic language of our fundamental institutions, and this is no new thing in the United States. The judiciary have obligations which go beyond expounding the mere letter of the law. The Constitution must be made to work.

A true interpretation, however, of the British or the American Constitution is certainly not a chop-logic or pedantic interpretation. So august a body as the Supreme Court in dealing with law must also deal with the life of the United States, and words, however solemn, are only true when they preserve their vital relationship to facts. It would certainly be a great disaster, not only to the American Republic but to the whole world, if a violent collision should take place between the large majority of the American people and the great instrument of government which has so long presided over their expanding fortunes.

Closing

There is one more person in this story that I have yet to talk about and I think now is the time to view his actions from a different perspective. January 6th, 2021, will always be remembered as a stain on American history. For Mike Pence, January 6th had to be one of the most difficult days of his life. So many American's who once admired him as a Patriot began vilifying him as a Judas.

If you have read my entire series to this point, you either believe that Devolution is happening or you at least have an open mind to it, even if you are not yet convinced. Whichever best describes you, I ask that you read the upcoming letter with the following assumptions to fully understand what I'm trying to show you:

- **Devolution is happening.**
- **Trump suspended the electoral college vote**
- **Biden assuming office had to happen**

With those assumptions as pretext, let's go through the letter Mike Pence wrote on January 6th, 2021; The day of the electoral college vote.



THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

January 6, 2021

Dear Colleague:

Today, for the 59th time in our Nation's history, Congress will convene in Joint Session to count the electoral votes for President of the United States. **Under our Constitution, it will be my duty as Vice President and as President of the Senate to serve as the presiding officer.**

After an election with significant allegations of voting irregularities and numerous instances of officials setting aside state election law, I share the concerns of millions of Americans about the integrity of this election. The American people choose the American President, and have every right under the law to demand free and fair elections and a full investigation of electoral misconduct. As presiding officer, I will do my duty to ensure that these concerns receive a fair and open hearing in the Congress of the United States. Objections will be heard, evidence will be presented, and the elected representatives of the American people will make their decision.

Our Founders created the Electoral College in 1787, and it first convened in 1789. With the advent of political parties, the Electoral College was amended in 1804 to provide that Electors vote separately for President and Vice President. Following a contentious election in 1876, with widespread allegations of fraud and malfeasance, Congress spent a decade establishing rules and procedures to govern the counting of electoral votes and the resolution of any objections.

Right away he tells us that he will be doing his duty as the presiding officer “Under our Constitution”. He goes on to tell us that he shares concerns regarding election fraud and states “the American people choose the American President (interesting he added “American” here as it was already implied), and have every right under the law to demand free and fair elections and a full investigation of electoral misconduct.” He knows it’s our right to choose the President and that electoral fraud should be looked into, but he also knows its the role of elected representatives to handle these situations as they arise during the electoral college vote. It’s not his job to interject.

During the 130 years since the Electoral Count Act was passed, Congress has, without exception, used these formal procedures to count the electoral votes every four years.

Given the controversy surrounding this year’s election, some approach this year’s quadrennial tradition with great expectation, and others with dismissive disdain. Some believe that as Vice President, I should be able to accept or reject electoral votes unilaterally. Others believe that electoral votes should never be challenged in a Joint Session of Congress.

After a careful study of our Constitution, our laws, and our history, I believe neither view is correct.

The President is the chief executive officer of the Federal Government under our Constitution, possessing immense power to impact the lives of the American people. The Presidency belongs to the American people, and to them alone. When disputes concerning a presidential election arise, under Federal law, it is the people’s representatives who review the evidence and resolve disputes through a democratic process.

Our Founders were deeply skeptical of concentrations of power and created a Republic based on separation of powers and checks and balances under the Constitution of the United States.

Again, telling us the “Presidency belongs to the American people”. I believe he is telling us that he knows there was foreign interference.

The second highlighted part could be viewed from two perspectives and I think both perspectives are accurate. “When disputes concerning a presidential election arise, under Federal law, it is the people’s representatives who review the evidence and disputes through a democratic process.”

1. This could be Pence referring to the election audits. “It is the people’s representatives (State Legislature) who review the evidence (Forensic Audits).”
2. He could also be referring to members of Congress not actually being the duly elected members of Congress. “It is the peoples representatives who review the evidence.” What if the peoples representatives aren’t the ones who were truly elected? How big was this fraud? How many in Congress aren’t legitimate?

Vesting the Vice President with unilateral authority to decide presidential contests would be entirely antithetical to that design. As a student of history who loves the Constitution and reveres its Framers, I do not believe that the Founders of our country intended to invest the Vice President with unilateral authority to decide which electoral votes should be counted during the Joint Session of Congress, and no Vice President in American history has ever asserted such authority. Instead, Vice Presidents presiding over Joint Sessions have uniformly followed the Electoral Count Act, conducting the proceedings in an orderly manner even where the count resulted in the defeat of their party or their own candidacy.

As Supreme Court Justice Joseph Bradley wrote following the contentious election of 1876, “the powers of the President of the Senate are merely ministerial... He is not invested with any authority for making any investigation outside of the Joint Meeting of the two Houses... [I]f any examination at all is to be gone into, or any judgment exercised in relation to the votes received, it must be performed and exercised by the two Houses.” More recently, as the former U.S. Court of Appeals Judge J. Michael Luttig observed, “[t]he only responsibility and power of the Vice President under the Constitution is to faithfully count the Electoral College votes as they have been cast,” adding “[t]he Constitution does not empower the Vice President to alter in any way the votes that have been cast, either by rejecting certain votes or otherwise.”

He is again telling us that it isn't his duty in his role while presiding over the electoral college vote to interject. His “only responsibility and power ... is to faithfully count the electoral college votes **as they have been cast.**” He knows the votes were cast fraudulently but his Constitutional role prevents him from acting on it.

It is my considered judgment that my oath to support and defend the Constitution constrains me from claiming unilateral authority to determine which electoral votes should be counted and which should not.

While my role as presiding officer is largely ceremonial, the role of the Congress is much different, and the Electoral Count Act of 1887 establishes a clear procedure to address election controversies when they arise during the count of the vote of the Electoral College. Given the voting irregularities that took place in our November elections and the disregard of state election statutes by some officials, I welcome the efforts of Senate and House members who have stepped forward to use their authority under the law to raise objections and present evidence.

Here Pence brings up his oath. I'll come back to that but again, he states his Constitutional role prevents him from interjecting in the vote. He then specifically brings up Congress and their duty to “address election controversies when they arise during the count of the vote of the electoral college.” He welcomes them to to “use their authority under the law to raise objections and present evidence.” This is his way of telling us that if anybody is going to be able to prevent a stolen election, it's going to be members of the Joint Session of Congress during the electoral college vote.

As presiding officer, I will ensure that any objections that are sponsored by both a Representative and a Senator are given proper consideration, and that all facts supporting those objections are brought before the Congress and the American people. Those who suggest that raising objections under the Electoral Count Act is improper or undemocratic ignore more than 130 years of history, and fail to acknowledge that Democrats raised objections in Congress each of the last three times that a Republican candidate for President prevailed.

Today it will be my duty to preside when the Congress convenes in Joint Session to count the votes of the Electoral College, and I will do so to the best of my ability. I ask only that Representatives and Senators who will assemble before me approach this moment with the same sense of duty and an open mind, setting politics and personal interests aside, and do our part to faithfully discharge our duties under the Constitution. I also pray that we will do so with humility and faith, remembering the words of John Quincy Adams, who said, “Duty is ours; results are God's.”

This paragraph is so important. He says “I ask only that Representatives and Senators who will assemble before me approach this moment with the same sense of duty and an open mind, setting politics and personal interests aside, and do our part to **faithfully discharge our duties under the Constitution**”.

At the opening of a new congress, Representatives beginning their 6 year term must recite what is called the [Congressional Oath of Office](#):

Oath of Office

Do you solemnly swear that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter; So help you God. (From printed card used by President of the Senate.)

In his letter, he is reminding Congress of their Oath of office and he uses some of the same exact language to do so: “faithfully discharge our duties”. It’s almost as if he is giving them a lifeline—an “out.” He is telling them to do the right thing for their country and not go through with allowing a Presidential Election to be stolen.

Four years ago, surrounded by my family, I took an oath to support and defend the Constitution, which ended with the words, “So help me God.” Today I want to assure the American people that I will keep the oath I made to them and I will keep the oath I made to Almighty God. When the Joint Session of Congress convenes today, I will do my duty to see to it that we open the certificates of the Electors of the several states, we hear objections raised by Senators and Representatives, and we count the votes of the Electoral College for President and Vice President in a manner consistent with our Constitution, laws, and history. So Help Me God.



Michael R. Pence
Vice President of the United States

He assured us that he would keep his oath to us and to Almighty God. His oath to us is to “support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic.” I truly believe Mike Pence was true to his word.

By not doing anything extraordinary or inconsistent with his constitutional role during the electoral college vote, Mike Pence actually did one of the most extraordinary things a Vice President has ever done. By doing his duty, he gave Congress the opportunity to choose their fate. Devolution was already in motion and his role was to allow Biden to win the electoral college vote if Congress let it get that far.

Even though he knew many people would brand him a traitor, he did exactly what the moment required of him.

We owe Mike Pence our gratitude.

THE BEST IS YET TO COME

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PS: I don’t have a way to contact you individually but I want to say THANK YOU to those who have contributed. Means more to me than you know. Thank you so much.

God Bless you all!